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tures of the entire personnel of the ships of the Panama Railway Steamship Line will be continued, and all those presenting any symptoms of yellow fever will be sent to the hospital for further observation.

The quarantine which the island of Jamaica has maintained against Colon during the past 6 months has been removed, and the Royal Mail Line of steamships is now permitted to take passengers to Jamaican ports. Large numbers of Jamaican negroes have been waiting for this opportunity to return to their homes in Jamaica, and the removing of this quarantine will be a considerable relief to the Isthmus.

Costa Rica still maintains a quarantine against all Panaman ports, and will keep it in force until 60 days have elapsed since the case of plague reported in La Boca on August 26.

Report from Bocas del Toro, fruit port—Yellow fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Osterhout reports as follows: Week ended October 6, 1905: Present officially estimated population not obtainable; 2 deaths; 2 cases of yellow fever; prevailing diseases, malarial fever and yellow fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, infected.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage.
Sept. 30	Belvernon	Mobile, Ala...	23	0	0	0
Oct. 4	Condor	do	16	0	0	0
5	Fort Gaines	do	23	0	0	0

PERU.

Report from Callao—Refusal of certain officers on steamship Peru to submit to vaccination—Quarantine of vessels from Payta—New water-supply system—Plague.

Assistant Surgeon Lloyd reports, September 24 and 27, as follows:

Referring to the steamship *Peru*, from which a case of smallpox was taken at Caldera, Chile, as reported September 14, 1905, I have the honor to state that two of the officers of this vessel refused to submit to vaccination. The incident occurred just as the vessel was ready to sail, and out of consideration for the rest of the personnel, and upon a specific promise from the master and the agent to discharge these men unless they would be vaccinated en route, I allowed the vessel to proceed. I have no doubt that the company will comply with this promise.

Vessels are still quarantined to complete 7 days from Payta when south bound from Panama and Guayaquil, and passengers can enter other Peruvian ports only via Callao. This latter provision applies also to passengers arriving from Chilean ports who are required to come to Callao before embarking for ports south.

A sufficient appropriation has been made to put in a sewerage system in Callao, and bids are due to be opened this week. Many houses have been connected with the new water supply, which is from a series of wells about 4 miles from here and is probably water which has filtered from the river Rimac. The old supply, which is still used to some extent, comes in greater part from this stream, which receives the entire sewage of Lima at a distance of only about 7 miles from

Callao. There are 10 artesian wells in Callao, with an average depth of about 500 feet.

The following cases of plague, from September 11 to 20, inclusive, have been reported to me by the director de salubridad:

	New cases.	Recov- ered.	Died.	Remain- ing.
Lima.....	8	0	1	14
Payta.....	6	3	3	14
Mollendo.....	0	0	1	0
Total.....	14	3	5	28

The situation in Valparaiso is said to be improving, possibly from natural causes. Plague and smallpox continue to be reported from Antofagasta.

Certificates of vaccination issued.

Thirty-three certificates of vaccination were issued by this office during the month of August, 1905, and 8 certificates were issued stating that the bearers thereof had been recently successfully vaccinated.

PORTO RICO.

Report from Ponce—Mortality, September, 1905.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Torres reports, October 11, as follows:

Number of causes of deaths in Ponce jurisdiction during the month of September, 1905.

Digestive system.....	38	Filaria.....	1
Nervous system.....	2	Tetanus.....	6
Circulatory system.....	10	Metritis.....	1
Respiratory system.....	9	Puerperal fever.....	2
Malarial fever.....	3	Congenital malformation.....	1
Tuberculosis.....	18		
Anæmia.....	3	Total.....	109
Nephritis.....	4	September, 1904:	
Cancer.....	3	Deaths.....	124
Accidents.....	4	September, 1905:	
Hydroemia.....	4	Deaths.....	109

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND
CITIES—UNTABULATED.

BRAZIL—*Ceara*.—Month of August, 1905. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 93, including enteric fever 13, and 10 from measles.

CANADA—*British Columbia*. *Victoria*.—Month of September, 1905. Estimated population, 21,000. Total number of deaths, 16, including 2 from tuberculosis.

FRANCE—*Marseille*.—Month of September, 1905. Estimated population, 491,161. Total number of deaths, 741, including diphtheria 5, enteric fever 30, whooping cough 3, and 113 from tuberculosis.

GIBRALTAR.—Week ended September 3 and two weeks ended October 1, 1905. Estimated population, 27,460. Total number of deaths, 5 and 11, respectively, including 1 from enteric fever.